



Cite this: *Biomater. Sci.*, 2023, **11**, 339

## Correction: Selenium-driven enhancement of synergistic cancer chemo-/radiotherapy by targeting nanotherapeutics

Xinxin Liu,<sup>a</sup> Zhongwen Yuan,<sup>a</sup> Zheng Tang,<sup>a</sup> Qi Chen,<sup>a</sup> Jiarun Huang,<sup>a</sup> Lizhen He<sup>\*a,b</sup> and Tianfeng Chen<sup>\*a,b</sup>

DOI: 10.1039/d2bm90091b  
rsc.li/biomaterials-science

Correction for 'Selenium-driven enhancement of synergistic cancer chemo-/radiotherapy by targeting nanotherapeutics' by Xinxin Liu *et al.*, *Biomater. Sci.*, 2021, **9**, 4691–4700, <https://doi.org/10.1039/d1bm00348h>.

The authors regret that the incorrect images were used in Fig. 1G (N<sub>2</sub> adsorption–desorption isotherm) and in Fig. 2D (clonogenic assay of HeLa cells) in the original version of the manuscript. The corrected Fig. 1G and 2D are shown below.

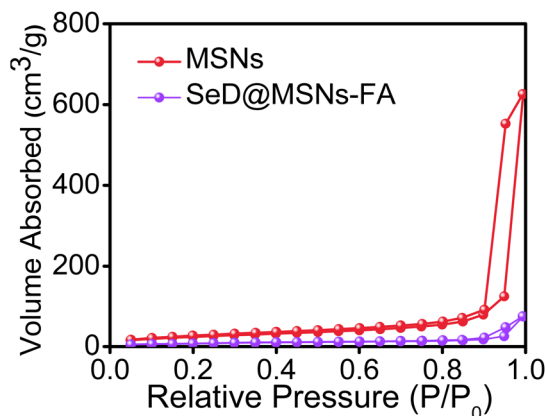


Fig. 1 (G) N<sub>2</sub> adsorption–desorption isotherm.

<sup>a</sup>Department of Neurology and Stroke Center of The First Affiliated Hospital, and Department of Chemistry, Jinan University, Guangzhou 510632, China.  
E-mail: hlz6371@jnu.edu.cn, tchentf@jnu.edu.cn

<sup>b</sup>The Guangzhou Key Laboratory of Molecular and Functional Imaging for Clinical Translation, Guangzhou 510632, China



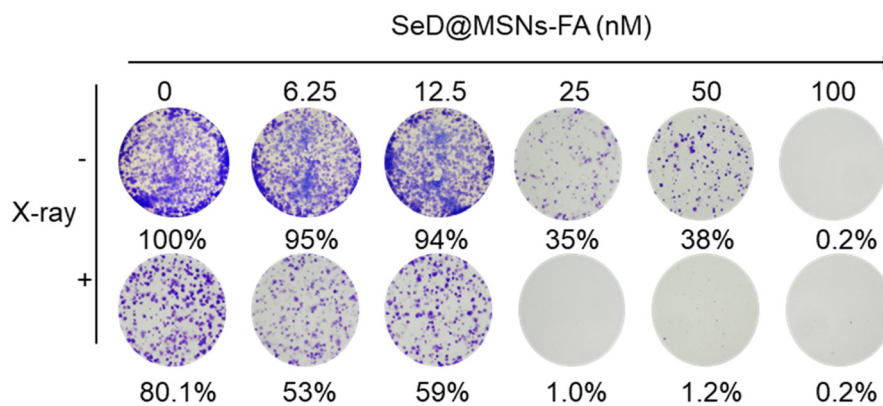


Fig. 2 (D) HeLa cells were cultured in 6-well plates with specific concentrations of SeD@MSNs-FA and radiation (2 Gy), and a clonogenic assay was performed over 8 days.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

